EXPORTGEO-FLUENT

User Guide

GeoDict release 2022

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EXPORTGEO SUBMODULES	1
EXPORTGEO-FLUENT	1
EXPORT FLOW SIMULATION (VOXEL)	3
Constituent Materials Solver Grid Example: Export to Fluent for flow computations	3 5 7 8
Run Flow Simulation (Voxel) Export HEAT SIMULATION (VOXEL)	10 11
Constituent Materials Solver Grid Example: Export to Fluent for heat computations	11 12 12 13
RUN HEAT SIMULATION (VOXEL)	15

EXPORTGEO SUBMODULES

With ExportGeo, structures from GeoDict can be exported to other formats to make them available in third-party software.

ExportGeo converts voxelized and analytic data material models through four submodules:

- ExportGeo-Base converts voxelized data to .raw, .vol, and .png formats.
 Furthermore, it converts analytic data, particles and stream-lines to .gad, and voxelized data to an Avizo Binary File (.am)
- ExportGeo-CAD converts voxelized or analytic structures to popular surface triangulation and CAD formats like STL, VRML, or Parasolid.
- ExportGeo-Fluent converts voxelized data to formats for flow and heat computations with **Fluent™**. The .jou files are saved as ASCII files so that, if changes are required, they can be easily opened and edited with a text editor.
- ExportGeo-Abaqus converts voxelized data to formats for elasticity computations with **Abaqus**. The .inp files are saved as ASCII files so that, if changes are required, they can be easily opened and edited with a text editor.

Based on the voxel structure, GeoDict also generates an unstructured volume mesh (.msh file), as needed for Fluent™ and Abaqus.

EXPORTGEO-FLUENT

With ExportGeo-Fluent, it is possible to export structures from GeoDict and to run fluid flow and heat computations with Fluent $^{\text{TM}}$ on them. The voxel structure in GeoDict is exported to a mesh file (*.msh or *.neu), the solver parameters for the Fluent simulation are recorded to a journal file (*.jou). Those two files together contain all necessary information for the simulation in Fluent $^{\text{TM}}$.

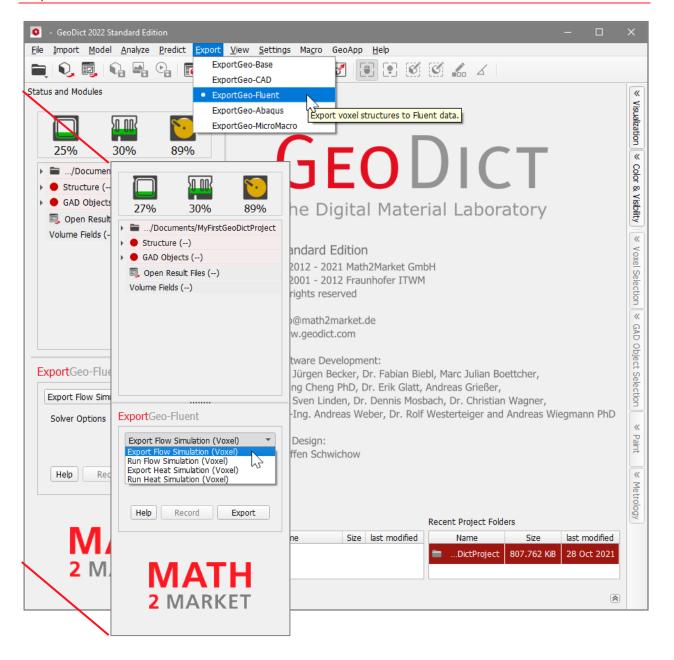
The same results can be achieved with the FlowDict and ConductoDict modules directly in GeoDict (for further information, consider the FlowDict and the ConductoDict handbooks of this User Guide. In general, this is the recommended way if FlowDict or ConductoDict is in your GeoDict license, since the GeoDict solvers are optimized for voxel structures and therefore faster and more memory efficient for this use case.

To access ExportGeo-Fluent, select Export → ExportGeo-Fluent in the menu bar.

In the ExportGeo-Fluent section, choose the export option in the pull-down menu. With Export Flow Simulation (Voxel) and Export Heat Simulation (Voxel), the current voxel structure is exported to Fluent and the simulation parameters are recorded as *.jou file. Additionally, with Run Flow Simulation (Voxel) and Run Heat Simulation (Voxel), the Fluent simulation is directly started after the export.

To execute the *.jou file in Fluent™, the 3D double-precision solver (fluent 3ddp) must be selected. When exporting under Windows and running simulations under Linux, it might be necessary to convert the *.jou and *.msh files to the Unix format with the dos2unix command.

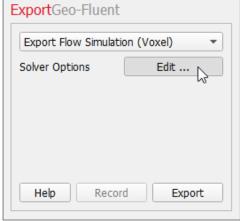
ExportGeo-Fluent



EXPORT FLOW SIMULATION (VOXEL)

To generate a journal file and mesh for a flow computation with **Fluent**, select **Export Flow Simulation (Voxel)** from the pull-down menu in the **ExportGeo-Fluent** section.

Click the **Solver Options**' **Edit...** button to define the settings for the export to Fluent. After entering all parameters, click **Export** to export the simulation settings for Fluent.

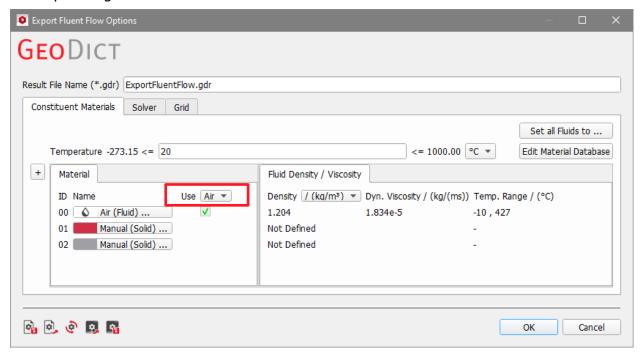


In the **Export Fluent Flow Options** dialog, choose a **Result File Name (*.gdr)** according to the current project. The result file contains all information about the current export. The corresponding result folder contains mesh and journal files for Fluent and the chosen structure.

The options for ExportGeo-Fluent are organized under the tabs Constituent Materials, Solver, and Grid.

CONSTITUENT MATERIALS

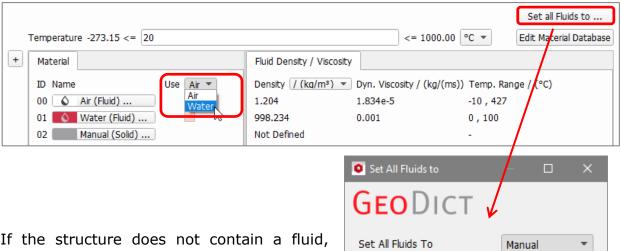
The fluid parameters of all constituent materials in the structure are defined in the corresponding fields under the **Constituent Materials** tab.



If one fluid is present in the structure, this fluid is chosen automatically. If the structure contains more than one fluid, the fluid used for the flow simulation must be

selected through the **Use** pull-down menu. Then, the other fluids in the structure are treated as solid in the simulation.

Alternatively, all fluids in the structure can be set to one specific material with **Set all Fluids to ...**.



If the structure does not contain a fluid, assign one to a material of a given material ID. For this, click on the material button to open the **Material Selector**.

Then, choose a fluid from the material database. To enter the fluid parameters manually, set the material to **Fluid** \rightarrow **Manual**.

No fluid in geometry.

Temperature -273.15 <= |20

Manual (Solid)

Manual (Solid) ...

Manual (Solid) ...

00 Material Selector

GEODICT

Material Type Fluid

Air

Edit Material Database

Search

Fluid

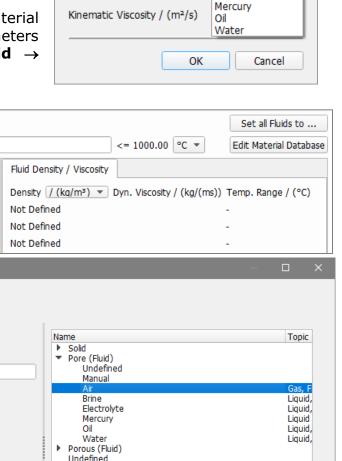
Information

+

Material

ID Name

01



Density / (kg/m3)

Dynamic Viscosity / (kg/(ms))

Manual

Brine

Flectrolyte

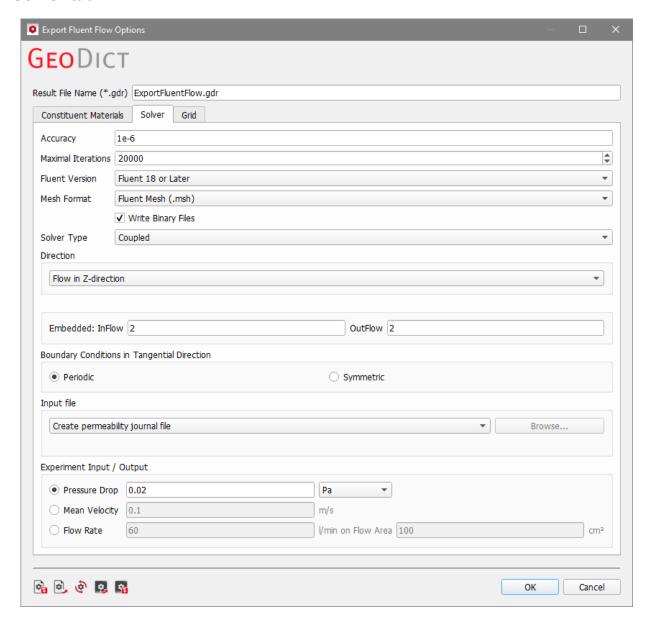
OK

Cancel

The parameters of the selected fluid (**Density**, **Dynamic Viscosity**, and **Kinematic Viscosity**) are then used in the Fluent simulation.

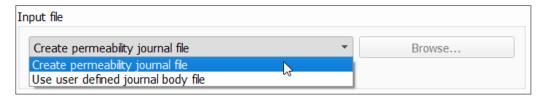
SOLVER

All settings for the Fluent solver and the simulation parameters are defined under the **Solver** tab.



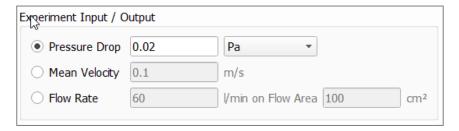
- Accuracy: The value in Accuracy defines the convergence criterion for the Fluent simulation. Therefore, it controls the precision of the computed solution and should be adapted to the simulation task. When there is doubt about the quality of the solution, decrease the Accuracy value by a factor of ten for that solver.
- Maximal Iterations: The number of iterations for the flow solver can be limited with Maximal Iterations. When the solver stops because the number of Maximal Iterations is reached, the quality of the solution might be doubtful since the requested Accuracy is not reached. Therefore, it is recommended to choose a large value here and adapt it only if there are strong constraints on the allowed runtime.

- Fluent Version: From the pull-down menu, select your Fluent™ version. Currently Fluent™ 6.2, Fluent™ 6.3, Fluent 12 and Fluent 18 (or later) are supported.
- Mesh Format: The desired mesh format (*.msh or *.neu) can be selected from the pull-down menu Mesh Format. The check box Write Binary Files determines if the created mesh file (*.msh) is stored in binary or ASCI format. Note that in binary format file sizes are smaller, whereas ASCII files are human readable.
- Solver Type: From the Solver Type pull-down menu, select the available implementations of the Fluent™ solver: Coupled, SIMPLE, SIMPLEC and PISO.
- Direction: Choose the direction of the flow, available are Flow in X-, Y-, or Z-Direction.
- **Inflow and Outflow**: The size of the necessary **Inflow** and **Outflow** region depends on the structure and on the specific simulation task. Choose the number of Voxels that are added at the **Inflow** and at the **Outflow** before export.
- Boundary Conditions in Tangential Direction: Choose the Boundary Conditions in Tangential Direction. For the Periodic boundary conditions, Fluent requires the first and last layer of voxels to be identical on opposite boundaries. This is not necessary for Symmetric boundary conditions. Therefore, the exported mesh is slightly larger if Periodic is selected.
- Input file: In the Input file panel, choose between the permeability journal file (Fluent™ computes the permeability in the flow direction) or to use your own journal body file.



The Fluent™ manuals explain how to create Fluent™ journal body files (*.jbf). Several journal body files (pressureDrop_X.jbf, pressureDrop_Y.jbf, pressureDrop_Z.jbf, and massFlux.jbf) are included as examples in the ExportGeoFluent folder in the GeoDict installation directory (e.g. C:\Program Files\Math2Market GmbH\GeoDict2022\ExportGeoFluent).

Experiment Input / Output: As Experiment Input, either the **Pressure Drop**, the **Mean Velocity**, or the **Flow Rate** (for a given **Flow Area**) can be defined.

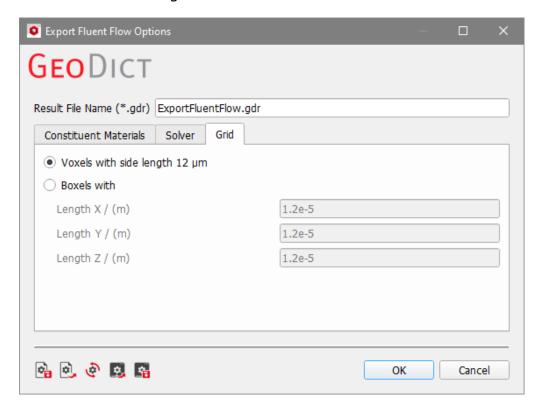


For a given **Pressure Drop** as experiment input, the output is the **Mean Velocity** and vice versa. The **Pressure Drop** is the difference between the inflow and outflow pressures, and the **Mean Velocity** is the average speed of the flow in the flow-direction.

GRID

Structures in GeoDict always based on voxels. With **Voxels with side length ...**, the voxel structure from GeoDict is exported as-is to Fluent.

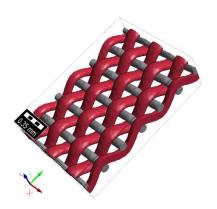
If the simulation in Fluent should be done on a boxel grid, the size of these boxels can be entered with **Boxels with ...**. With this option, every voxel in GeoDict is mapped on a boxel with the given size.



EXAMPLE: EXPORT TO FLUENT FOR FLOW COMPUTATIONS

Start ExportGeo-Fluent by selecting Export \rightarrow ExportGeo-Fluent in the menu bar. Select Export Flow Simulation (Voxel) from the pull-down menu in the ExportGeo-Fluent section.

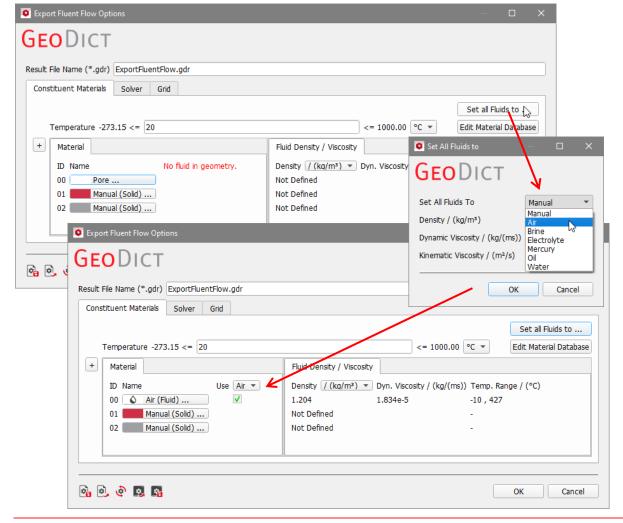
In this example, a weave structure with two materials is exported to Fluent to run flow computations.



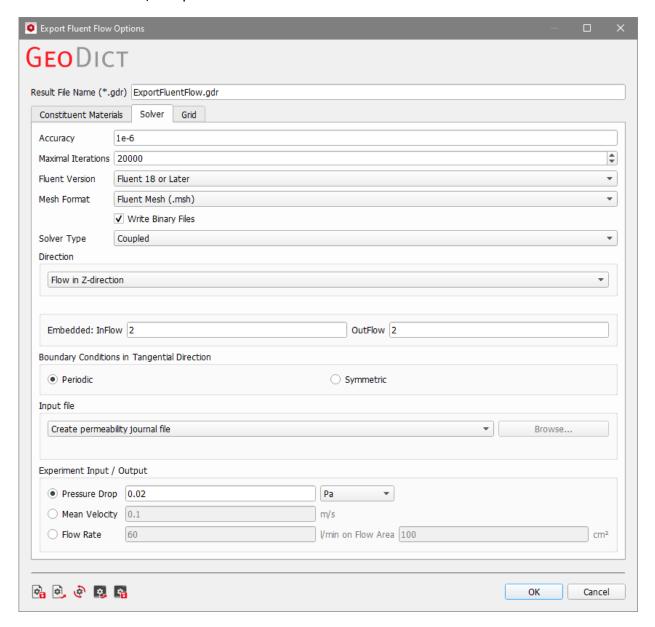


Click the **Solver Options**' **Edit...** button to open the **Export Fluent Flow Options** dialog. Then, enter the parameters for the Fluent solver.

Under the **Constituent Materials** tab, click **Set all Fluids to...** and select **Air** from the list. Then, the fluid density and viscosity for air from the **Geo**Dict material database are used.



In the **Solver** tab, keep the default values:

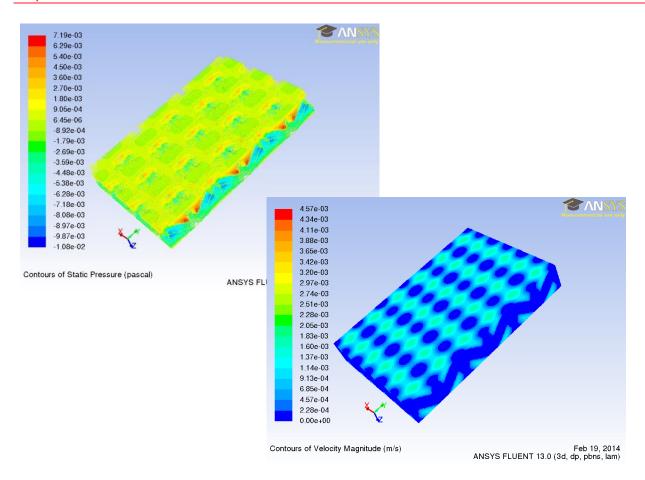


Also keep the default value (**Voxels with side length ...**) under the **Grid** tab. With this option, the voxel structure from **GeoDict** is used as it is. Click **OK** to close the **Export Fluent Flow Options** dialog and return to the **ExportGeo-Fluent** section. Click **Export** to export the structure and simulation settings for Fluent.

The result file (*.gdr) is automatically opened in the **Result Viewer** and contains all information about the current export. The corresponding result folder contains the mesh and journal files for Fluent.

To run the flow computation, start **Fluent** and open the journal file by selecting **File** \rightarrow **Read** \rightarrow **Journal...**.

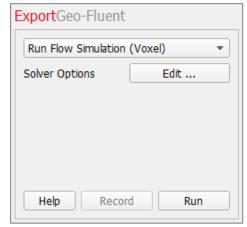
After the simulation, the computation results can be visualized in **Fluent**. In the figure below, contour plots of the pressure and mean velocity in the structure are shown.



RUN FLOW SIMULATION (VOXEL)

Run Flow Simulation (Voxel) contains the same options as Export Flow Simulation (Voxel), but the simulation in Fluent is directly started after clicking on Run.

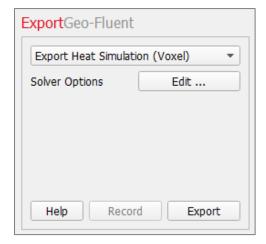
The available options are explained under <u>Export Flow Simulation (Voxel)</u>, in pages <u>3</u>ff.



EXPORT HEAT SIMULATION (VOXEL)

To generate a journal file and a mesh file for a heat computation with **Fluent**, select **Export Heat Simulation (Voxel)** from the pull-down menu in the ExportGeo-Fluent ...

section.

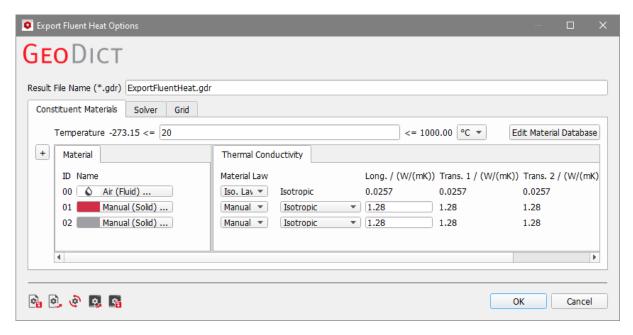


In the **Export Fluent Heat Options** dialog, choose a **Result File Name (*.gdr)** according to your current project. The result file contains all information about the current export. The corresponding result folder contains the mesh and journal files for Fluent and the chosen structure.

The options for the **Fluent** solver are organized under the tabs **Constituent Materials**, **Solver**, and **Grid**.

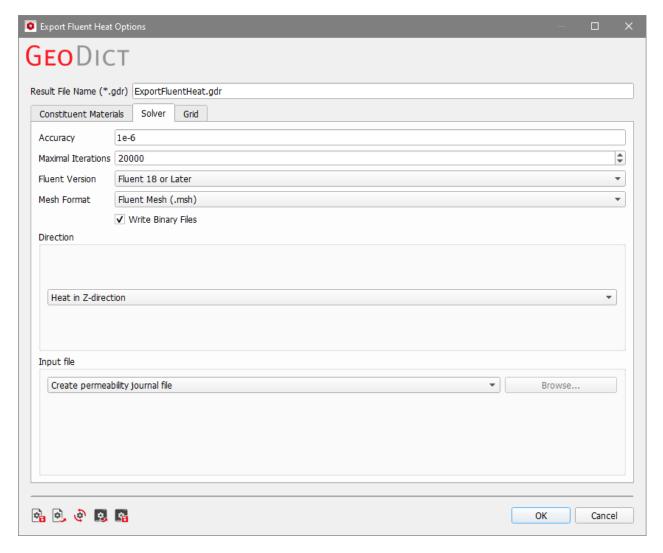
CONSTITUENT MATERIALS

The thermal conductivities of all materials present in the structure are defined in the corresponding fields under the **Constituent Materials** tab.



SOLVER

All settings for the Fluent solver and the simulation parameters are defined under the **Solver** tab, and already explained for $\underline{\text{Export Flow Simulation (Voxel)}}$ on pages $\underline{5}$ ff. In contrast to flow simulations, Fluent V. 6.2 is not supported for heat simulations.



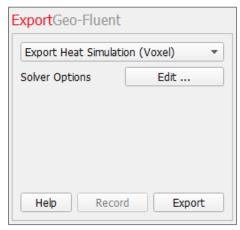
GRID

The options under the **Grid** tab are the same as for Export Flow Simulation (Voxel) (see page $\frac{7}{2}$).

EXAMPLE: EXPORT TO FLUENT FOR HEAT COMPUTATIONS

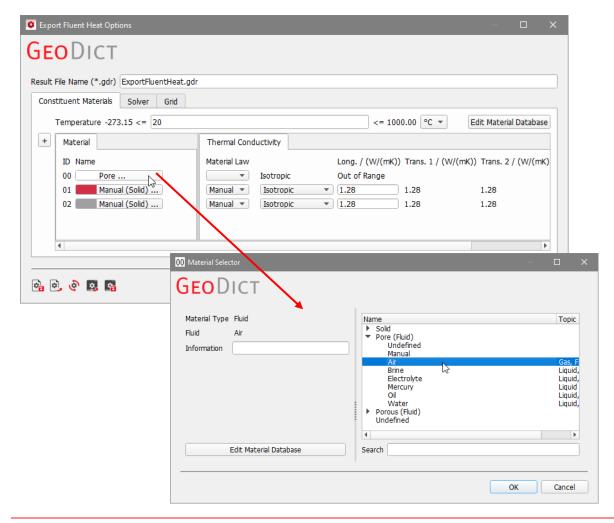
Start ExportGeo-Fluent by selecting Export \rightarrow ExportGeo-Fluent in the menu bar. Select Export Heat Simulation (Voxel) from the pull-down menu in the ExportGeo-Fluent section. In this example, a weave structure with two materials is exported to Fluent to run heat computations.



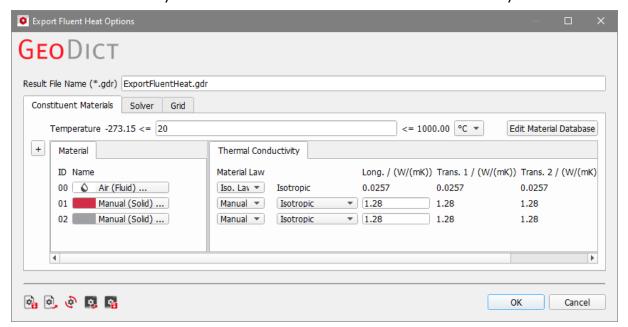


Click the **Solver Options**' **Edit...** button to open the **Fluent Solver Options** dialog. Then, enter the parameters for the Fluent solver.

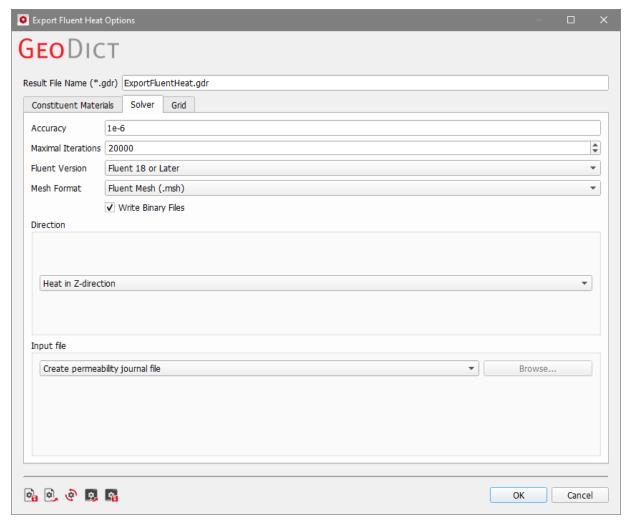
Under the **Constituent Materials** tab, set the Material ID of the material occupying the pore space by clicking the **Pore...** button and selecting **Pore (Fluid)** \rightarrow **Air** from the list in the Material Selector. Then, the conductivity for air from the GeoDict material database is used.



Enter the conductivity for Material ID 01 and Material ID 02 manually as shown below.



In the **Solver** tab, keep the default values:

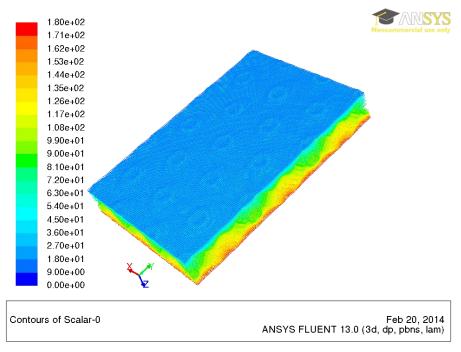


Also keep the default value (**Voxels with side length ...**) under the **Grid** tab. With this option, the voxel structure from **Geo**Dict is used as it is. Click **OK** to close the **Export Fluent Heat Options** dialog and return to the **ExportGeo-Fluent** section. Click **Export** to export the structure and simulation settings for Fluent.

The result file (*.gdr) is automatically opened in the **Result Viewer**. It contains all information about the current export. The corresponding result folder contains the mesh and journal files for Fluent.

To run the flow computation, start **Fluent** and open the journal file by selecting **File** \rightarrow **Read** \rightarrow **Journal...**.

After the simulation, the computation results can be visualized in **Fluent**. For example, the temperature distribution in the structure is shown in the figure below.



RUN HEAT SIMULATION (VOXEL)

Run Heat Simulation (Voxel) contains the same options as Export Heat Simulation (Voxel), but the simulation in Fluent is directly started after clicking on Run.



The available options are explained under <u>Export heat simulation (voxel)</u>, in pages <u>11ff</u>.

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